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5	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
6	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
7	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	
8	Plaintiff,	CASE NO. C11-5357 BHS
9	v.	ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR
10	ROBINSON BROS. CONSTR. INC.,	PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT
11	Defendant.	JODGWILIVI
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13	This matter comes before the Court on Defendants Mike Rakoz, Robinson Bros.	
14	Constr. Inc., and Craig Sorenson's ("Defendants") motion for partial summary judgment	
15	(Dkt. 46).	
16	On May 9, 2011, the Government filed a complaint against Defendants asserting	
17	numerous causes of action, including claims for negligent and intentional	
18	misrepresentation. Dkt. 1. On July 17, 2013, Defendants filed a motion for summary	
19	judgment on the misrepresentation claims. Dkt. 46. The Government failed to respond	
20	which the Court considers an admission that Defendants' motion has merit. Local Rule	
21	CR 7(b)(2).	
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1 With regard to the merits of the motion, the Government has failed to meet its burden. On an issue where the nonmoving party will bear the burden of proof at trial, the moving party can prevail merely by pointing out to the district court that there is an absence of evidence to support the non-moving party's case. Celotex Corp. v. Catrett, 477 U.S. 317, 325 (1986). If the moving party meets the initial burden, the opposing party must set forth specific facts showing that there is a genuine issue of fact for trial in order to defeat the motion. Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc., 477 U.S. 242, 250 (1986). In this case, Defendants have shown that there is an absence of evidence to support the Government's claims for negligent and intentional misrepresentation. Dkt. 46 at 7–11. The Government has failed to set forth specific facts showing that there is a genuine issue of material fact for trial. Therefore, the Court **GRANTS** Defendants' motion. IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated this 21st day of August, 2013. 16 United States District Judge 20

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